

ROOSEVELT IS FOR TAFT

Said to Have Written Letter to Him Thoroughly Approving His Administration.

HE FAVORS HIS RE-ELECTION

Declares That This is the Duty of The Republican Party.

President Will Not Be Candidate in 1912—Decision to Remain in Private Life Unalterable.

Washington, May 2.—An letter which Theodore Roosevelt is alleged to have written to President Taft, Senator Root and William Loeb, Jr., it is said by the Washington Post, that the former president thoroughly endorses the Taft administration, favors Mr. Loeb to succeed Gov. Hughes of New York and declares that his decision to remain in private life is final and unalterable.

It is said also the former president will not be a candidate for the presidency in 1912. On the contrary, his friends are said to indicate that it is his conviction that the re-election of President Taft is the Republican party's duty.

While Col. Roosevelt believes that a fight within the party, when it is caused to opinions of legislation, may be healthy, he does not favor a degree of insurgency that threatens to disrupt the party at the polls and probably will deliver some speeches in the congressional campaign in the west, urging the return of Republicans to Congress.

When Col. Roosevelt speaks before the national conservation congress in Paul in September, it is said, he will declare himself again for the policies which he has always stood for, and that he will not be pressed forward without making conservation a word, former President Roosevelt, before seeing Clifford Pinchot in person and after, has expressed himself as convinced that President Taft's administration has been working hard and conscientiously to carry out the policies which he has advocated during the Roosevelt administration and has given to Taft administration his whole approval.

BEST TAFT SAYS HE'S RECEIVED NO LETTERS

Pittsburg, May 2.—When President Taft was informed today of the story which was started in Washington as to letters which he had received from Col. Roosevelt, he said he had received any such communication from Mr. Roosevelt, he would be glad to hear from him.

HE UNWILLING TO TALK FOR PUBLICATION

New York, May 2.—William Loeb, Jr., merely smiled when he was asked today about the letters Theodore Roosevelt is said to have written to President Taft, Senator Root and himself, and he was unwilling to say anything for publication, but he made it clear to his friends that he knew nothing of the letters or of any plans of Mr. Roosevelt involving his own political future.

ONE IN WASHINGTON SEEMS TO KNOW ANYTHING

Washington, May 2.—It was impossible to find in Washington today a single person who would admit having received from Mr. Roosevelt any communication on the subject of politics or his own plans for the future. The only person who is known to have been in intimate correspondence with the ex-president made little secret of his skepticism as to the having communicated on those subjects with anybody.

TAXES ON LEGACIES.

Collected During Spanish American War to be Refunded.

Washington, May 2.—The court of appeals today rendered a decision holding that a certain line of tax collection on legacies made as a result of legislation enacted to carry on the Spanish-American war, should be refunded. The decision means the return to the taxpayer of about \$5,000,000.

CORPORATION TAX DECISION.

Washington, May 2.—No decision of the supreme court of the United States was announced today in the corporation tax cases. The court took a recess until May 18. The only other day the court will be in session this term will be May 11.

SENATE AMENDS AND PASSES MINES BUREAU BILL

Washington, May 2.—The senate today amended and passed a bill which would have passed the house to create a bureau of mines in the interior department. In addition to carrying on the work heretofore done by the geological survey, the bureau will investigate the causes of mine explosions.

EARLY IN LONDON TO RECEIVE GOLD MEDAL

London, May 2.—Commander Robert S. Peary came here today to receive the gold medal from the Royal Geographical Society and to deliver his lecture on his trip to the north pole. He will receive the medal on Wednesday and expects to be in Europe several weeks.

WESTON FINISHES HIS GREAT WALK

Wonderful Pedestrian Completes Journey Across Continent in Less Than Schedule Time.

WAS CHEERED BY THOUSANDS

Grand Old Man at 8:35 This Morning Reached Manhattan Island—Did It in 77 Days.

New York, May 2.—Edward Payson Weston, the veteran pedestrian, reached the end of his transcontinental walk at 8:35 o'clock today, when he arrived at the city hall, and in the presence of a demonstrative throng entered that building and was congratulated by Mayor Gaynor.

At 8:35 today he set foot on Manhattan Island, crossing Kings Bridge, over the Spuyten Duyvil creek. Cheered by thousands of persons and followed by a constantly increasing crowd, he walked down Broadway on the last few miles of his journey to the city hall.

Weston set out early today on the last 25 miles of his coast-to-coast walk begun at Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 1.

Weston's original program called for the covering of the distance from the Pacific to the Atlantic—approximately 5,400 miles—in 90 walking days. In the face of storms, numerous minor accidents and, in the last stages of the journey, a sprained ankle, Weston has made it in 77 days.

Interesting as this accomplishment from the point of view of sport, it assumes the character of greatness when it is considered that Weston is 72 years of age.

Last year Weston attempted to cross the continent on foot in 100 days but severe storms encountered in the last days of the journey made it impossible to complete the walk on time but he did not give up and completed the task in 105 days.

Weston stopped for two hours at a hotel at Seventy-second street and Broadway, the pause having been made so he would not reach the city hall ahead of time. After a lunch of tea and toast he started out at 1 o'clock on the final stage of the journey. As he came out of the hotel he was greeted by a crowd which packed the sidewalks from Sixty-eighth street to Seventy-fourth street.

CHARLES R. HEIKE MUST STAND TRIAL

Washington, May 2.—Charles R. Heike, former secretary of the American Sugar company, will be compelled to stand trial on an indictment of conspiracy to defraud the government out of sugar customs. The supreme court of the United States so decided today.

CONVICT MORSE MAKING FIGHT FOR FREEDOM

Washington, May 2.—Another fight for the freedom of Charles Morse, the New York ice king, who is serving a life term in the federal penitentiary at Atlanta, Ga., was begun today in the supreme court of the United States. Morse was asked to file a petition for a writ of habeas corpus.

SPANISH ELECTIONS.

Madrid, May 2.—The general elections will be held on May 8. One hundred and fourteen deputies, whose candidates are unopposed, have been officially declared elected, and will not figure in the voting. They comprise 33 Liberals, 34 Conservatives, 2 Republicans, 3 Carlists, and 2 of other parties.

TOMMY MCCARTHY'S FUNERAL.

San Francisco, April 2.—The funeral of Tommy McCarthy, the pugilist who died from a fractured skull received Friday night in a bout with Owen Moran, was held today from the home of his parents.

COL. ROOSEVELT AND PARTY SAIL FOR COPENHAGEN

Kiel, Prussia, May 2.—Mr. Roosevelt sailed this morning for Copenhagen. The party left Amsterdam at 9 o'clock last night. When the train arrived at Hamburg, it was boarded by Consul-General Robert P. Skinner and the American consul at Kiel, Mr. J. J. Saylor, the American consul agent. A woman in the crowd presented the former president with a bouquet.

There was a brief exchange of greetings after which the Americans were escorted to the royal waiting room, where they rested a few minutes before boarding the steamer for the Danish capital.

HAVE YOU BEEN ENUMERATED?

If not, or if you have any doubt, fill out this coupon and mail to Hugh A. McMillin, Supervisor of Census, 556 Dooly Block, Salt Lake City.

SIX INCHES OF RAIN FEEL IN KANSAS

Storm Was General in Eastern And Central Portions of State, Oklahoma and Iowa.

DENVER HAD A SNOW STORM

Village of Plymouth, Kan., Said to Have Been Destroyed—No Lives Lost—Telegraph Wires Down.

Kansas City, May 2.—Last night's heavy rain and hail storm, which was general in Missouri, eastern and central Kansas, north central Oklahoma and Iowa, completely demoralized telegraphic service for several hours doing much damage to crops generally. In south central Kansas six inches of rain fell, breaking a six weeks' drought.

At Wichita the rain was accompanied by a 44 mile wind. The hail storm in southwestern Kansas was terrific and the wind blew down telegraph poles and uprooted trees. The heavy wind drove the rain through the trunks of a passenger train, flooding the floors. The passengers became frightened and several dropped to their knees and prayed.

A tornado struck the outskirts of Emporia, Kan., last night and destroyed several small houses but it is believed no lives were lost. Wires to Emporia were still down this morning.

Snow fell in Denver and North Platte, Neb., this morning and freezing temperatures prevailed.

The local weather forecaster predicts much colder temperatures for the southwest tonight.

VILLAGE REPORTED DAMAGED.

Topeka, Kan., May 2.—It is reported that the village of Plymouth, six miles southwest of Emporia, was entirely destroyed by a tornado Sunday night. Plymouth is a small town with 400 people on the Santa Fe railway. The tornado which struck the western section of Emporia, unroofed several houses and carried one off its foundation. A large new barn was crushed like an eggshell and several small barns were blown away. No one was killed or injured.

The Santa Fe reports that the wind destroyed the telegraph lines between Emporia and Hutchinson which is where the storm was most severe. A force of men is at work on the lines and they are expected to be in working order by noon. Trains are being run west as usual with the assistance of the block signals.

RAIN IN COLORADO.

Denver, May 2.—The first general rain of the season is soaking Colorado and Wyoming. The storm began yesterday afternoon and still prevails over the mountain region. In some parts of Colorado and Wyoming there has been very little means of travel. For four months, and the storm means millions of dollars to ranchmen and stock and fruit growers. The storm was attended by a general drop in temperature and heavy snow reported from some sections. Cripple Creek reporting a fall of several inches.

TELEGRAPH WIRES DOWN.

Chicago, May 2.—Telegraph wires over a wide area extending from Denver to Cleveland and St. Paul to the Ohio river were reported in a serious condition today as a result of rains, high wind and snow.

ELEPHANT TRAMPLES TRAINER.

Marietta, Ohio, May 2.—During an outbreak by a circus elephant here today, Samuel Montgomery, an animal trainer, was trampled by the beast and perhaps fatally hurt. William Evans took refuge on the back of a wagon, but fell from it and was killed.

HUGHES'S NOMINATION.

Senate Judiciary Committee Declines To Report Favorably on It.

Washington, May 2.—The senate judiciary committee today decided to report unfavorably the nomination of Charles J. Hughes to be associate justice of the supreme court of the United States.

FARMERS' EDUCATIONAL UNION OF AMERICA

St. Louis, May 2.—A joint convention of the Farmers' Educational and Cooperative Union of America, the American Society of Equity and 400 subsidiary organizations opened in this city today. W. J. Bryan will deliver an address at the closing session Saturday night.

Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, who spoke this afternoon, was expected to outline his plans for bringing about a union of the farmers with the laboring men.

Other speakers on the day's program were Mayor F. H. Kriesmann, C. R. Barrett, Union City, Ga., president of the farmers' union; C. O. Drayton, Greenville, Ill., president of the American Society of Equity; D. F. Donahue, Texas; Donahue, Chicago; W. H. Williams, Fayetteville, Ark.; Clarence Poe, North Carolina; Curtis Hill, Columbia, Mo.; John C. White, Chicago, and W. H. Jackson.

MISSIONARY'S BODY RECOVERED

Corps of Elder Christen I. Jensen Taken From the Arkansas River.

WAS PROBABLY SAND-BAGGED

Disappeared From Little Rock Three Months Ago—Funeral Held at Manassa, Colo.

(Special to The News.)

Manassa, Colo., May 1.—The body of Elder Christen I. Jensen, who mysteriously disappeared at Little Rock, Ark., Jan. 24, has been recovered from the Arkansas river, and all indications are that the young missionary was sand-bagged and his body thrown into the river.

His father, Bishop Christen Jensen of this place, went to Little Rock as soon as news of his disappearance



reached him and with the aid of the elders of that mission, together with the police, detectives and fishermen on the river for six weeks endeavored to get trace of the missing man, with no success.

The body was found floating on the surface eight miles below Little Rock. The corpse and undertaker were notified and they immediately secured the body.

President S. D. Bennion of the Central States mission took the first train to Little Rock and identified the corpse which was remarkably well preserved. He was laid to rest in the Manassa cemetery.

In the clothing of the young missionary were found his Testament, journal, map of Arkansas, personal cards and photographs, all well preserved.

The men discovered that he was sand-bagged by some thug and thrown into the Arkansas river, where for three months his body probably was caught in a whirlpool and covered with sand. He was laid to rest in the Manassa cemetery.

SCHRECK AND O'BRIEN MEET.

Lexington, Ky., May 2.—Mike Schreck of Cincinnati and Philadelphia Jack O'Brien are scheduled to fight 10 rounds here tonight.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY MACHINISTS STRIKE

Sedalia, Mo., May 2.—All machinists in the shops here of the Missouri Pacific railway struck at 10 o'clock this morning and reports received here indicate that the men everywhere on that system went out at the same time.

The men demanded an increase from 35 to 40 cents an hour. The company offered 30 cents.

St. Louis, May 2.—A W. Sullivan, general manager of the Missouri Pacific, said today that his road had offered the men a wage increase of 3 cents an hour. The men want 4 cents. About 1,000 machinists are employed by the Missouri Pacific.

VAN CLEAVE AND GOMPERS BOTH BETTER

St. Louis, May 2.—J. W. Van Cleave, former president of the National Manufacturers' association, who is critical of the labor union, was somewhat improved today.

Samuel Gompers, who is facing a prison sentence because of an attack on Van Cleave's company and who arrived here last night suffering from neuritis, has improved this morning to such an extent that he said he will speak at the Farmers' union convention.

STATE'S CASE AGAINST HYDE

If Plans Are Not Changed All the Evidence for the Prosecution Will be in Wednesday.

MRS. SWOPE LAST WITNESS

Great Interest in Her Story as It Is Believed It Will be Full of Human Interest.

Kansas City, May 2.—By next Wednesday night Prosecutor Virgil Cronkling believes all the evidence of the state against Dr. B. C. Hyde will be before the jury. If the present plans are not changed only three more witnesses will testify for the prosecution after Dr. Ludwig Hektoen completes his testimony. These witnesses are Dr. W. S. Haines, Dr. Victor C. Vaughn and Mrs. Logan Swope. The defense's cross-examination of Dr. Hektoen, it was thought at the opening of the court today, would be completed in a few hours.

Mrs. Swope, who is financing, in the main, the prosecution of Dr. Hyde, will be the last state's witness. Her testimony, it is thought, will be reached Wednesday. Interest now centers in her appearance on the stand, as it is believed her story will be full of human interest. When Mrs. Swope gave her deposition recently in a civil suit brought by the physicians, she refused to confine herself to answering the questions asked her.

The fight between Dr. Hyde's attorneys and Drs. Haines and Vaughn will center on the alleged finding of cyanide of potassium in the viscera of Col. Thomas H. Swope. The defense avers this was only an eleventh hour report made by the chemists in order to support the state's case. The charge that cyanide had been used by Dr. Hyde was not made until April, Jan. 24. A Red delivered the opening attack for the prosecution.

Judge Latslow today upheld the state's objection to the defense's inquiry of Dr. Ludwig Hektoen if representatives of Dr. Hyde did not call upon him on March 1 and demand parts of the viscera of Col. Thomas H. Swope and Christen I. Jensen.

The defense did not request the court to appoint a commission of medical experts to examine the remaining parts of the viscera of the Swope.

Scarcely had the session opened when Atty. Walsh again an attack on expert medical testimony, with Dr. Hektoen in the witness chair. Reading from a text book, said to have been written by Drs. Hektoen and Walter S. Haines, Mr. Walsh asked the witness if his book did not advise experts on both sides in a trial to confer in order to be able to impress the court and the jury. Dr. Hektoen said he never had read this portion of the text.

DOCTOR IS GRILLED.

Atty. Walsh grilled the witness for failing to confer with the defense's scientists when the book said this was the proper thing to do.

"I would like to see that book," said Mr. Walsh. "I am liable to be biased," asked Mr. Walsh.

"I don't know that it does. It all depends on the expert, anyhow," replied Dr. Hektoen.

Mr. Walsh then questioned, with the aid of another book, said to have been written in part by Dr. Haines, regarding the proper action of an expert on the stand in order to make a good impression with the court and jury. The court held that Dr. Hektoen did not have to answer on the stand in relation to the contents of the book as there was nothing to prove he had anything to do with the writing of it.

The question of the viscera was again brought up by Mr. Walsh. He said he would be able to show that the chemists who called upon Dr. Hektoen were authorized by Mr. Hyde to act.

The state agreed it would not object to the witness being questioned about the request for the organs if this was done. Dr. Hektoen then admitted he had on March 1 returned the viscera to the accused physician's representatives.

On March 25, said the witness, Atty. John P. McGuire called upon him and Dr. Hektoen in Chicago and asked for the viscera and was refused. Dr. Hektoen said at that time he had no part of the viscera. The witness also admitted he refused to tell the attorney about the result of his examination of the organs.

"Didn't you, shortly before March 1, receive from the prosecuting attorney an offer to look for cyanide?" asked Mr. Walsh.

DYNAMITE N PARSONS STOPE

Witness Volunteers Some Testimony Which Makes Kearns' Attorney Peevish.

ZALINSKI'S PRESS ARTICLES

Says "No Facts Have Appeared in Case Which Were Not Prejudicial To the Defendant."

When E. H. Zalinski, an engineer, happened to mention the fact that he found dynamite among other things in the Jug Mine of the Parsons stope while on a cross-examination this morning at the hearing of the Silver King Consolidated Mining company against the Silver King Coalition Mines company, Adrien C. Ellis, Jr., who represents the Tom Kearns' interests, exploded. For some reason the Kearns' crowd did not want to know very much about the dynamite story and Mr. Ellis explained emphatically that he did not want any voluntary testimony from the witness, but after the word "dynamite" had entered the record, Mr. Ellis decided to go into the matter a little further.

In continuing the examination, Mr. Ellis wanted to know how it was that Zalinski volunteered this testimony. "Why I made a note of it being in the opening and then I was careful not to drop anything on the sticks of powder."

PLAINTIVE EXAMINATION.

Mr. Ellis frowned, and then said, "Let me see your original notes." After some little hesitation, which Judge W. H. Dickson had previously asked to have noted, Zalinski found his notes and there the word "dynamite" was written in one note. Mr. Ellis examined it plaintively to see if it had been freshly written. After the examination he was still suspicious of the dynamite and asked Mr. Ellis to read the note.

"I read into some more dynamite along in the drift too," the witness volunteered.

"Where was this dynamite?" inquired Mr. Ellis.

"Oh, there was a dozen sticks I ran across at different places. I made a note of some of the places but not all," the witness explained.

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RECOMMENDATION FOR PEACE DAY

Governor Spry Favors Setting Aside Sunday, May 15 for Pacific Councils.

MEETING IN THE TABERNACLE

Special Speakers and Music Will be Features for Gathering to Foster Harmony and Peace.

Sunday, May 15, has been proclaimed by Gov. William Spry as "Peace day," a day which the citizens of Utah are asked to spend in special observances looking to the greater spirit of universal peace.

The peace movement, in its widespread recognition, has brought about the giving of one day to its special observance, and on May 15, special peace services will be held in the churches throughout the state of Utah.

There will be a big meeting commencing at 2 p.m. Sunday, May 15, in the Tabernacle when special speakers and appropriate music will be the features.

The governor's proclamation issued today is as follows:

BY THE GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF UTAH, A RECOMMENDATION.

With mingled reason and appeal the voice of peace bids us quit ourselves of all obligation of hostility, and pleads for the subjection of agitating passions. The highest attributes of nature respond to the instinct for universal peace. The human tendency to renege injury with injury is amended by the refining influences of a higher civilization which strives to "overcome evil with good" and in place of mutual distrust, there has grown a strong fabric of concord, rectitude, right and righteousness.

As a means of promoting that universal peace to which individuals, communities and nations aspire, a day in each year has been set apart to be devoted to pacific councils, the advocacy of the doctrine of peace and the winning of converts thereto, who shall in their daily walk and conversation strive to eradicate the evil of distrust and create a sentiment for a real and lasting peace.

To foster the spirit of local harmony and domestic tranquility, to build for this broader world peace, to fortify against sanguinary strife, I, William Spry, governor of the State of Utah, do hereby recommend that Sunday, May 15, 1910, be observed as "Peace day" by the citizens of Utah, and I particularly urge that special peace services be held in the various churches throughout the state.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the great seal of the State of Utah.

Done at Salt Lake City the capital, this 2nd day of May, A.D. 1910.

WILLIAM SPRY, Governor.

C. TINGEY, Secretary of State.

CANADA ARRIVES.

Steamer Carrying a Number of Utah And Idaho Passengers at Liverpool.

A dispatch received at the President's office this morning announced the arrival at Liverpool Sunday of the steamship Canada with a number of Utah and Idaho passengers on board. Among those who sailed on the big liner were:

John W. Watts, John H. Evenson, Peter W. Nielson, Thomas W. Brown, Andrew Schurink, John T. Olson, Florence E. Gibbs and Clarice Hardy, Mrs. L. L. Larkin, Harold Nielson and wife, Mrs. T. Lavin and daughter, Murray, Joseph P. Burr, Jonathan C. Jensen, Nephil M. Valentine, Elizabeth Harding, Brigham James Hanson, Hyde A. Willis, Lebi Harold Cedarlund, Alanzo Lindquist, Victor Peterson, Logan Williams, Colburn Wells, Alfie Fallow, Hyrum, Victor Ford, Cedar City; Zella Barber, Lionel E. Williams, Syracuse, Charles Naylor, Providence, R. I.; Lester Provost, Frederick Anderson, Hyde Park; Jane Connan, Ogden; John E. Steinfeld, Sandy; John Besendorfer, Midway; Andrew Smith, Seefeld; Thomas D. Tanner, Preston, Ida.

MUST SHOW HEINZE WAS CONNECTED WITH POOLS

New York, May 2.—Efforts to have the over-certification charges against F. Augustus Heinze thrown out of court were made today by his counsel before Judge Hough in the United States circuit court, where the trial of the Montana copper man and former banker on charges of misappropriation of the funds of the Mercantile National bank while he was its president, and of over-certification of checks has been in progress for a week.

Heinze's counsel contended that the government had not shown unlawfulness of certification in any instance. Former Judge William J. Wallace, who opened the argument for Heinze, said the statute did not provide for unintentional violation of the law, and that no wilful act or criminal intent had been shown.

Asst. United States Dist. Atty. Frank Furter in reply said that the government had not yet finished its case and said he would agree with the defense that the evidence thus far presented did not constitute a crime. This declaration apparently surprised the defense, as it had presumed that all the evidence on the over-certification counts had been put in by Friday noon.

Judge Hough ruled that no evidence could be given by the government regarding United Copper pool unless it be shown that Heinze was actually connected with them and further that no testimony regarding any pools could be given unless subsequent to May and June, 1907.

The prosecution, which began on Friday in 1903 had evidence of the copper pools in 1903 had endeavored to connect Heinze's alleged acts with an effort to promote a pool in United Copper stock.